How I grow and develop

Being healthy
This includes full information about all aspects of a child’s health and development, relevant to their age and stage. Developmental milestones, major illnesses, hospital admissions, any impairments, disabilities, conditions affecting development and health. Health care, including nutrition, exercise, physical and mental health issues, sexual health, substance abuse.

Confidence in who I am
Child or young person’s temperament and characteristics. Nature and quality of early and current attachments. Emotional and behavioural development. Resilience, self esteem. Knows views are listened to. Ability to take pride in achievements. Confidence in managing challenges, opportunities, difficulties appropriate to the age and stage of development. Sense of identity which has an appreciation of ethnic and cultural background and is comfortable with gender, sexuality, religious belief. Skills in social presentation.

Learning to be responsible
Learning appropriate social skills and behaviour. Values: sense of right and wrong; Consideration for others; Ability to understand what is expected and act on it. How does the child respond to key influences on social and emotional development at different ages and stages - e.g. collaborative play in early childhood, peer expectations at school and outside.

Enjoying family and friends
How is the child or young person responding to relationships that support, value, encourage and guide them; to family and wider social networks; opportunities to make and sustain lasting significant relationships; encouragement to develop skills in making friends, to take account of the feelings and needs of others, and to behave responsibly? This links and overlaps with what a child or young person needs from those who look after them and the wider environment.

Learning and achieving
This includes cognitive development from birth, learning achievements, and the skills and interests which can be nurtured. How additional needs are supported. Achievements in leisure, hobbies, sport. Education and social development milestones need to be recorded. Personal learning plans and other educational records should provide evidence of what has been achieved and what supports are needed or being provided for. Is the child’s progress with formal education in line with expectations? Attention should also be given to further education or training needs and potential employment opportunities for young people moving or have moved towards semi- or full independence.

Being able to communicate
This includes development of language and communication. Being in touch and communicating constructively with others. Ability to express thoughts, feelings and needs. What is the child or young person’s preferred language or method of communication? Are there particular people with whom the child communicates that you will need to involve? Are aids to communication needed?

Becoming independent, looking after myself
The gradual acquisition of skills and confidence needed to move from dependence to independence. Early practical skills of feeding, dressing etc. Engaging with learning and other tasks, acquiring skills and competence in social problem solving, getting on well with others, moving to independent living skills and autonomy. What are the effects of any impairment or disability or of social circumstances and how might these be compensated for?