# **CONSULTATION QUESTIONS**

Age restriction for e-cigarettes

1. Should the minimum age of sale for e-cigarette devices, refills (e-liquids) be set at 18?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

2. Should age of sale regulations apply to:

a. only e-cigarette devices and refills (e-liquids) that contain nicotine or are capable of containing nicotine, or

b. all devices / refills (e-liquids) regardless of whether they contain or are capable of containing nicotine?

a 🖂 b 🗌

- 3. Whom should the offence apply to:
- a. the retailer selling the e-cigarette b. the young person attempting to purchase the e-cigarette c. both

а	$\boxtimes$
b	
С	

4. Should sales of e -cigarettes devices and refills (e-liquids) from self-service vending machines be banned?

Yes 🛛 No 🗌

5. Should a restriction be in place for other e-cigarette accessories?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

6. If y ou answ ered " yes" to quest ion 5, w hich products shoul d have restrictions applied to them?

Comments

### Proxy purchase for e-cigarettes

7. Should the Scottish Government introdu ce legislation to make it an offence to proxy purchase e-cigarettes?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

Domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes

8. Should young people and adult non-s mokers be protected from any form of advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

9. In addition to the regulations that will be introduced by the Tobacco Products Directive do y ou be lieve that the Scottish Govern ment should take further steps to regulate domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

10. If y ou believe that regulations ar e required, w hat t ypes of do mestic advertising and promotion should be regulated?

a. Bill boards	a 🗌
b. Leafleting	b 🗌
c. Brand-stretching (the process of using an existing	c 🗌
brand name for new products or services that may not seem related)	
d. Free distribution (marketing a product by giving it away free)	d 🗌
e. Nominal pricing (marketing a product by selling at a low price)	е 🗌
f. Point of sale advertising (advertising for products and services	
at the places where they were bought)	f 🗌
g. Events sponsorship with a domestic setting	g 🗌

11. If y ou believe that domestic advertising and prom otion should be regulated, what, if any, exemptions should apply?

Comments			

12. Are you aware of an y information or evidence that you think the Scottish Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic adverting in relation to impacts on children and adults (including smokers and nonsmokers)?

Yes - this Committee of Advertising Practice Report: <u>CAP / BCAP report</u>. I think sensible advertising of e-cigarettes is desirable and necessary if these products are to be successful at a population level in switching smokers to a less harmful product.

13. Are you aware of an y information or evidence that you think the Scottish Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic adverting in relation to impacts on business, in cluding retailers, distributers and manufacturers?

Comments

Inclusion of electronic cigarettes on the Scottish Tobacco Retailer Register

14. Do you agree that retailers selli ng e-cigarettes and refills s hould be required to register on the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

15. Do you agree that the offences and penalties should reflect those already in place for the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

16. If you answered 'no', to question 15, what offences and penalties should be applied?

Existing trading standards legislation should be sufficient.

E-cigarettes – use in enclosed public spaces

17. Do you believe that the Scottish Government should take action on the use of e-cigarettes in enclosed public spaces?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

18. If you answered 'yes' to Question 17, what action do you think the Scottish Government should take and what are your reasons for this?

### Comments

## 19. If you answered, 'no' to Question 17, please give reasons for your answer.

I am not aware of any evidence that e-cigarette vapour causes any 'secondhand' harm. I also believe the argument that e-cigarette use 'normalises' the smoking of conventional cigarettes and should therefore be banned in public places to be specious. As Professor John Britton and Dr Ilze Bogdanovica wrote in their May 2014 Public Health England report on Electronic Cigarettes, "... although similar in appearance, even cigalike products are easily distinguishable, both in appearance and smell, from tobacco cigarettes. Therefore, use of electronic cigarettes in smoke free places is more likely to lead to normalisation of nicotine devices than to smoking, and hence potential benefit as a support to existing well smoke-free policies." In a presentation at the 2014 E-Cigarette Summit, Ian Gray – Chief Policy Officer at the Chartered Institute of Environmental Health – and Hazel Cheeseman – Director of Policy at Action on Smoking and Health – said that there was no evidence of e-cigarettes undermining smokefree legislation, nor any particular reason to believe that they will. My view is that it is up to individual proprietors / business owners whether they wish to allow the use of e-cigarettes on their premises.

# 20. Are you aw are of an y evidence, rel evant to the use d of e-cigarettes in enclosed spaces, that you think the Scottish Government should consider?

Public Health England - Electronic Cigarettes Gray & Cheeseman - 2014 E-Cigarette Summit

### Smoking in cars carrying children aged under 18

21. Do you agree that it should be an offence for an adult to smoke in a vehicle carrying someone under the age of 18?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

22. Do y ou agree that the offence sho uld only apply to ad ults aged 18 and over?

Yes 🗌 No 🗌

23. If you answered 'no' to Question 22, to whom should the offence apply?

Comments

## 24. Do you agree that Police Scotland should enforce this measure?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

25. If y ou ans wered 'no' to Questi on 24, w ho should be responsible for enforcing this measure?

Should not be enforced

26. Do you agree that there should be an exemption for vehicles which are also people's homes?

Yes 🛛 No 🗌

27. If y ou think there are other cat egories of vehicle w hich s hould be exempted, please specify these?

Comments

28. If you believe that a defence should be permitted, what would a reasonable defence be?

Comments

Smoke-free (tobacco) NHS grounds

29. Should national legislation be introduced to make it an offence to smoke or allow smoking on NHS grounds?

Yes	No	$\boxtimes$
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b. Only hospital grounds

30. If you support national legislation to make it an offence to smoke on NHS grounds, where should this apply?

a. All NHS grounds (including NHS offices, dentists, GP practices) a

b 🗌

c. Only within a designated perimeter around NHS buildings

с 🗌

d Other suggestions, including reasons, in the box below

Comments

31. If y ou support national legislation, what exemptions, if a ny, should apply (for example, grounds of men tal health facilities and / or facilities w here there are long-stay patients)?

Comments

32. If you support national legislation, who should enforce it?

Comments

33. If y ou support national legislation, what should the penalt y be for non-compliance?

Comments

34. If y ou do not support national legisl ation, what non-legislative me asures could be taken to support enforcement of, and compliance w ith, the existing smoke-free grounds policies?

Not necessary

## Smoke-free (tobacco) children and family areas

35. Do y ou think more action needs to be taken to make children's outdoor areas tobacco free?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

36. If you answered 'yes' to Question 35, what action do you think is required:

a. Further voluntary measures at a local level to increase the number of smoke-free areas  $$\rm a\,\square$$ 

b. Introducing national legislation that defines smoke-free areas across Scotland  $$\rm b\,\square$$ 

c. That the Scottish Government ensures sufficient local powers to allow decisions at a local level as to what grounds should be smoke-free  $c \square$  d. Other actions. Please specify in the box below

Comments

37. If you think action is required to make children's outdoor areas tobaccofree, what outdoor areas should that apply to?

Comments

Age verification policy 'Challenge 25' for the sale of tobacco and electronic cigarettes

38. Do y ou agree that retailers selling e-cigarettes, refills and tobacco should be required by law to challenge the age of anyone they believe to be under the age of 25?

Yes 🗌	No	$\boxtimes$
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39. Do you agree that the penalties should be the same as those which are already in place for selling tobacco to someone under the age of 18?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂

Unauthorised sales by under 18 year olds for tobacco and electronic cigarettes

40. Do you agree that y oung people under the age of 18 sh ould be prohibited from selling tobacco and non-medicina I e-cig arettes and refills unless authorised by an adult?

Yes 🛛 No 🗌

41. Who should be able to authorise an under 18 year old to make the sale, for example, the person who has registered the premises, manager or another adult working in the store?

Manager

42. Do you agree with the anticipated offence, in regard to:

a. the penalty b. the enforcement arrangements

а	
b	

**Equality Considerations** 

43. What issues or opportunities do the proposed changes raise for people with protected characteristics (age; disability; gender reassignment; race; religion or belief; sex; pregnancy and maternity; and sexual orientation)?

Comments

44. If the proposed measures are likely to have a substantial negative implication for equality, how might this be minimised or avoided?

Comments

45. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the proposals in regard to equality considerations?

Comments

# **Business and Regulatory Impacts Considerations**

46. What is your assessment of the likely financial implications, or other impacts (if any), of the introduction of each of these proposals on you or your organisation?

Comments

47. What (if any) other significant financial implications are likely to arise?

Comments

48. What lead-in time should be allowed prior to implementation of these measures and how should the public be informed?

Comments

49. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the proposals in regard to business and regulatory impacts?

Comments

As a party to the World Health Organiza tion's Framework Conv ention on Tobacc o Control (FCTC), Scotland has an obligation health policy from the vested interests of obligation, we ask all respondents to di indirect links to, or receive fund ing from, the tobacco in dustry. We will still c arefully consider all cons ultation responses from the tobacco industry and from those with links to the tobacco industry and inc lude them in the published sum mary of consultation responses.

I am a director of an investment advisor which provides investment advice for a mutual fund, in which I invest, that owns a range of consumer companies, including tobacco companies. I have written this consultation in a private capacity.