CONSULTATION QUESTIONS

Age restriction for e-cigarettes
1. Should the minimum age of sale for e-cigarette devices, refills (e-liquids) be set at 18?
Yes ⊠ No □
2. Should age of sale regulations apply to:
a. only e-cigarette devices and refills (e-liquids) that contain nicotine or are capable of containing nicotine, or
b. all devices / refills (e-liquids) regardless of whether they contain or are capable of containing nicotine?
a □ b ⊠
3. Whom should the offence apply to:
a. the retailer selling the e-cigarette b. the young person attempting to purchase the e-cigarette c. both a b c
4. Should sales of e -cigarettes devices and refills (e-liquids) from self-service vending machines be banned?
Yes ⊠ No □
5. Should a restriction be in place for other e-cigarette accessories?
Yes ⊠ No □
6. If you answered "yes" to quest ion 5, which products should have restrictions applied to them?

Chargers that are specifically designed for e-cigarettes should be included in the restriction

Proxy purchase for e-cigarettes

7. Should the Scottish Government introdu ce legislation to make it an offen to proxy purchase e-cigarettes?	ce
Yes ⊠ No □	
Domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes	
8. Should young people and adult non-s mokers be protected from any form advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes?	of
Yes ⊠ No □	
9. In addition to the regulations that will be introduced by the Tobacc Products Directive do you believe that the Scottish Government should ta further steps to regulate domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes	ke
Yes ⊠ No □	
10. If you believe that regulations are required, what types of domes advertising and promotion should be regulated?	tic
brand name for new products or services that may not seem related)	
No exemptions.	
12. Are you aware of an y information or evidence that you think the Scotti Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic adverting relation to impacts on children and adults (including smokers and non-smokers)?	

13. Are you aware of an y information or evidence that you think the Scottish Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic adverting in relation to impacts on business, in cluding retailers, distributers and manufacturers?
Inclusion of electronic cigarettes on the Scottish Tobacco Retailer Register
14. Do you agree that retailers selli ng e-cigarettes and refills s hould be required to register on the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?
Yes ⊠ No □
15. Do you agree that the offences and penalties should reflect those already in place for the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?
Yes ⊠ No □
16. If you answered 'no', to question 15, what offences and penalties should be applied?
E-cigarettes – use in enclosed public spaces
17. Do you believe that the Scottish Government should take action on the use of e-cigarettes in enclosed public spaces?
Yes ⊠ No □
18. If you answered 'yes' to Question 17, what action do you think the Scottish Government should take and what are your reasons for this?
In line with tobacco products there should be a ban on "smoking" in public places. There are a number of reasons for such a ban to be imposed, firstly it ensures a consistent approach and thereby reinforces the fact that the use of these products is considered to be an issue of public safety / health. Secondly given that some products produce "smoke" it will make it much easier for the management of the space to control and monitor.
19. If you answered, 'no' to Question 17, please give reasons for your answer.

Smoking in cars carrying children aged under 18	
21. Do you agree that it should be an offence for an adult to sm carrying someone under the age of 18?	oke in a vehi
Yes ⊠ No □	
22. Do y ou agree that the offence sho uld only apply to ad ulover?	ts aged 18 an
Yes □ No ⊠	
23. If you answered 'no' to Question 22, to whom should the off	ence apply?
Person in charge of the vehicle regardless of age.	
24. Do you agree that Police Scotland should enforce this meas	sure ?
25. If y ou ans wered 'no' to Question 24, who should be r	esponsible fo
25. If you ans wered 'no' to Question 24, who should be r	esponsible fo
Yes No 25. If y ou ans wered 'no' to Questi on 24, w ho should be renforcing this measure? 26. Do you agree that there should be an exemption for vehicles people's homes?	
25. If you ans wered 'no' to Question 24, who should be renforcing this measure?	
25. If you ans wered 'no' to Question 24, who should be renforcing this measure? 26. Do you agree that there should be an exemption for vehicles people's homes?	s which are a

Smoke-free (tobacco) NHS grounds

29. Should national legislation be introduced to make it an offence to smoke of allow smoking on NHS grounds?
Yes ⊠ No □
30. If you support national legislation to make it an offence to smoke on NHS grounds, where should this apply?
a. All NHS grounds (including NHS offices, dentists, GP practices) a b. Only hospital grounds
31. If y ou support national legislation, what exemptions, if a ny, should apply (for example, grounds of men tal health facilities and / or facilities w here there are long-stay patients)?
32. If you support national legislation, who should enforce it?
33. If y ou support national legislation, what should the penalt y be for non-compliance?
34. If y ou do not support national legislation, what non-legislative me asures could be taken to support enforcement of, and compliance with, the existing smoke-free grounds policies?
Smoke-free (tobacco) children and family areas
35. Do y ou think more action needs to be taken to make children's outdoor areas tobacco free?
Yes ⊠ No □

36. If you answered 'yes' to Question 35, what action do you think is required:
a. Further voluntary measures at a local level to increase the number of smoke-free areas b. Introducing national legislation that defines smoke-free areas across Scotland c. That the Scottish Government ensures sufficient local powers to allow decisions at a local level as to what grounds should be smoke-free c. \(\text{\text{\text{d}}} \) d. Other actions. Please specify in the box below
37. If you think action is required to make children's outdoor areas tobacco-free, what outdoor areas should that apply to?
Within clearly defined children's recreational areas.
Age verification policy 'Challenge 25' fo r the sale of tobacco and electronic cigarettes
38. Do you agree that retailers selling e-cigarettes, refills and tobacco should be required by law to challenge the age of anyone they believe to be under the age of 25?
Yes ⊠ No □
39. Do you agree that the penalties should be the same as those which are already in place for selling tobacco to someone under the age of 18?
Yes ⊠ No □
Unauthorised sales by under 18 year olds for tobacco and electronic cigarettes
40. Do you agree that young people under the age of 18 should be prohibited from selling tobacco and non-medicina le-cigarettes and refills unless authorised by an adult?
Yes ⊠ No □
41. Who should be able to authorise an under 18 year old to make the sale, for example, the person who has registered the premises, manager or another adult working in the store?

The person authorising the sale should be either the manager or a person responsible for the operation of the business.

42. Do you agree with the anticipated offence, in regard to:	
a. the penalty b. the enforcement arrangements	a ⊠ b ⊠
Equality Considerations	
43. What issues or opportunities do the proposed changes r with protected characteristics (age; disability; gender reassi religion or belief; sex; pregnancy and maternity; and sexual	gnment; race;
44. If the proposed measures are likely to have a substantial implication for equality, how might this be minimised or avo	_
45. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions releproposals in regard to equality considerations?	evant to the
Business and Regulatory Impacts Considerations	
46. What is your assessment of the likely financial implication impacts (if any), of the introduction of each of these propose organisation?	•
Given that many businesses that sell e-cigarettes may not have involved in age restricted products there is likely to be a cost of implementation for both businesses and regulators. Until an ass the numbers of premises involved in the sale of these products it is not possible to calculate nor estimate what the financial implementation would be.	sessment of is conducted
47. What (if any) other significant financial implications are I	ikely to arise?
48. What lead-in time should be allowed prior to implementa	tion of these

There should be a public, including business, information campaign advising of the changes and then a period of at least 6 months after the legislation is passed.

measures and how should the public be informed?

49. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the proposals in regard to business and regulatory impacts?

As a party to the World Health Organiza tion's Framework Conv ention on Tobacc o Control (FCTC), Scotland has an obligation to protect the development of public health policy from the vested interests of the tobacco industry. To meet this obligation, we ask all respondents to disclose whether they have any direct or indirect links to, or receive funding from, the tobacco in dustry. We will still c arefully consider all consultation responses from the tobacco industry and from those with links to the tobacco industry and incolumn lude them in the published sum mary of consultation responses.

None known
