Age restriction for e-cigarettes	
1. Should the minimum age of sale for e-cigarette devices, refills (e-liquids) be set at 18?	Э
Yes ⊠ No □	
2. Should age of sale regulations apply to:	
a. only e-cigarette devices and refills (e-liquids) that contain nicotine or are capable of containing nicotine, or	
b. all devices / refills (e-liquids) regardless of whether they contain or are capable of containing nicotine?	
a □ b ⊠	
3. Whom should the offence apply to:	
a. the retailer selling the e-cigarette b. the young person attempting to purchase the e-cigarette c. both	
4. Should sales of e -cigarettes devices and refills (e-liquids) from self-service vending machines be banned?	C€
Yes ⊠ No □	

5. Should a restriction be in place for other e-cigarette accessories?

**CONSULTATION QUESTIONS** 

Yes ⊠ No □

6. If you answered "yes" to quest	ion 5, w	hich products shoul	d have
restrictions applied to them?			

YouthLink Scotland would consider that e-cigarettes and their accessories should be restricted, we believe that this provides a clear and consistent message to retailers and potential purchasers.

Proxy purchase for e-cigarettes

7. Should the Scottish Government introdu ce legislation to make it and to proxy purchase e-cigarettes?	offence
Yes ⊠ No □	
Domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes	
8. Should young people and adult non-s mokers be protected from any advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes?	form of
Yes ⊠ No □	
9. In addition to the regulations that will be introduced by the Tol Products Directive do you be lieve that the Scottish Government should further steps to regulate domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigare	ld take
Yes ⊠ No □	
10. If you believe that regulations are required, what types of do advertising and promotion should be regulated?	mestic
a. Bill boards b. Leafleting c. Brand-stretching (the process of using an existing	a ⊠ b ⊠ c ⊠
brand name for new products or services that may not seem related) d. Free distribution (marketing a product by giving it away free) e. Nominal pricing (marketing a product by selling at a low price)	d ⊠ e ⊠

11. If you believe that domestic advertising and promotion should be regulated, what, if any, exemptions should apply?

e. Nominal pricing (marketing a product by selling at a low price) f. Point of sale advertising (advertising for products and services

at the places where they were bought)

g. Events sponsorship with a domestic setting

12. Are you aware of an y information or evidence that you think the Sc Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic adverti- relation to impacts on children and adults (including smokers and no smokers)?	ng in
YouthLink Scotland supports the recommendation of the Youth Commission on Smoking Prevention which states "encourage the Scottish Government to use all legislative and regulatory levers at its disposal to pursue the reduction in availability of tobacco products."	
We believe that domestic advertisement to be part of this matter and that regulation of all aspects of domestic advertising be considered.	
13. Are you aware of an y information or evidence that you think the Sc. Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic advertirelation to impacts on business, in cluding retailers, distributers are manufacturers?	ng in
Comments	
Inclusion of electronic cigarettes on the Scottish Tobacco Retailer Regist	<u>er</u>
14. Do you agree that retailers selli ng e-cigarettes and refills s hou required to register on the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?	ıld be
Yes ⊠ No □	
15. Do you agree that the offences and penalties should reflect those alre in place for the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?	ady
Yes ⊠ No □	
16. If you answered 'no', to question 15, what offences and penalties sho applied?	uld be
Comments	

## E-cigarettes – use in enclosed public spaces

17. Do you believe that the Scottish Government should take action on the use of e-cigarettes in enclosed public spaces?

18. If you answered 'yes' to Question 17, what action do you think the \$	Scottish
YouthLink Scotland believes that action should be taken on the use of ecigarettes in enclosed public spaces. We believe that young people can be influenced both positively and negatively by the actions of others. Young people have grown up tobacco free enclosed public spaces and this has had a positive impact on the de-norming of smoking behaviours. Allowing the continuation of e-cigarettes in enclosed spaces sends a mixed message.	
We support the Youth Commission on Smoking Prevention's recommendation "to try and make smoking less socially acceptable."	
We welcome that some places have chosen to voluntarily engage in a ban on e-cigarettes in enclosed public spaces, and would welcome further regulation that supports these voluntary efforts.	
Comments	
20. Are you aw are of an y evidence, rel evant to the use d of e-cigare enclosed spaces, that you think the Scottish Government should consider	
20. Are you aw are of an y evidence, rel evant to the use d of e-cigare	
20. Are you aw are of an y evidence, rel evant to the use d of e-cigare	
20. Are you aw are of an y evidence, rel evant to the use d of e-cigare enclosed spaces, that you think the Scottish Government should consider	der?
20. Are you aw are of an y evidence, rel evant to the use d of e-cigare enclosed spaces, that you think the Scottish Government should consider the Smoking in cars carrying children aged under 18  21. Do you agree that it should be an offence for an adult to smoke in a	der?
20. Are you aw are of an y evidence, rel evant to the use d of e-cigare enclosed spaces, that you think the Scottish Government should consider the Smoking in cars carrying children aged under 18  21. Do you agree that it should be an offence for an adult to smoke in a carrying someone under the age of 18?	der?
20. Are you aw are of an y evidence, rel evant to the use d of e-cigare enclosed spaces, that you think the Scottish Government should consider the Smoking in cars carrying children aged under 18  21. Do you agree that it should be an offence for an adult to smoke in a carrying someone under the age of 18?  Yes No   22. Do y ou agree that the offence should only apply to adults aged	der?

24. Do you agree that Police Scotland should enforce this measure?
Yes ⊠ No □
25. If y ou ans wered 'no' to Questi on 24, w ho should be responsible for enforcing this measure?
Comments
26. Do you agree that there should be an exemption for vehicles which are also people's homes?
Yes ⊠ No □
27. If y ou think there are other cat egories of vehicle w hich s hould be exempted, please specify these?
Comments
28. If you believe that a defence should be permitted, what would a reasonable defence be?
Comments
Smoke-free (tobacco) NHS grounds
29. Should national legislation be introduced to make it an offence to smoke of allow smoking on NHS grounds?
Yes ⊠ No □
30. If you support national legislation to make it an offence to smoke on NHS grounds, where should this apply?
a. All NHS grounds (including NHS offices, dentists, GP practices)  b. Only hospital grounds  c. Only within a designated perimeter around NHS buildings  d Other suggestions, including reasons, in the box below

31. If y ou support national legislation, what exemptions, if a ny, should apply (for example, grounds of men tal health facilities and / or facilities w here there are long-stay patients)?
Comments
32. If you support national legislation, who should enforce it?
Comments
33. If y ou support national legislation, what should the penalt y be for non-compliance?
Comments
34. If y ou do not support national legislation, what non-legislative me asures could be taken to support enforcement of, and compliance with, the existing smoke-free grounds policies?
Comments
Smoke-free (tobacco) children and family areas  35. Do y ou think more action needs to be taken to make children's outdoor areas tobacco free?  Yes No
36. If you answered 'yes' to Question 35, what action do you think is required:
<ul> <li>a. Further voluntary measures at a local level to increase the number of smoke-free areas</li> <li>b. Introducing national legislation that defines smoke-free areas across</li> <li>Scotland</li> </ul>
c. That the Scottish Government ensures sufficient local powers to allow decisions at a local level as to what grounds should be smoke-free c d. Other actions. Please specify in the box below
Comments

free, what outdoor areas should that apply to?	
Comments	
Age verification policy 'Challenge 25' fo r the sale of t cigarettes	obacco and electronic
38. Do you agree that retailers selling e-cigarettes, ret be required by law to challenge the age of anyone they age of 25?	
Yes ⊠ No □	
39. Do you agree that the penalties should be the same already in place for selling tobacco to someone under	
Yes ⊠ No □	
Unauthorised sales by under 18 year olds for tobacco	and electronic cigarettes
40. Do you agree that young people under the age of from selling tobacco and non-medicina I e-cig are authorised by an adult?	18 should be prohibited ttes and refills unless
Yes ⊠ No □	
41. Who should be able to authorise an under 18 year example, the person who has registered the premise adult working in the store?	•
Comments	
42. Do you agree with the anticipated offence, in regard	d to:
a. the penalty	а 🗌
b. the enforcement arrangements	b $\overline{\square}$

**Equality Considerations** 

43. What issues or opportunities do the proposed changes raise for people with protected characteristics (age; disability; gender reassignment; race; religion or belief; sex; pregnancy and maternity; and sexual orientation)?	)
Comments	
44. If the proposed measures are likely to have a substantial negative implication for equality, how might this be minimised or avoided?	
45. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the proposals in regard to equality considerations?	
Comments	
Business and Regulatory Impacts Considerations  46. What is your assessment of the likely financial implications, or other impacts (if any), of the introduction of each of these proposals on you or you organisation?	our
Comments	
47. What (if any) other significant financial implications are likely to arise?	
Comments	
48. What lead-in time should be allowed prior to implementation of these measures and how should the public be informed?	
Comments	
49. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the proposals in regard to business and regulatory impacts?	
Comments	

As a party to the World Health Organiza tion's Framework Conv ention on Tobacc o Control (FCTC), Scotland has an obligation to protect the development of public health policy from the vested interests of the tobacco industry. To meet this obligation, we ask all respondents to disclose whether they have any direct or indirect links to, or receive funding from, the tobacco in dustry. We will still c arefully consider all consultation responses from the tobacco industry and from those with links to the tobacco industry and incolumn lude them in the published sum mary of consultation responses.

We have no links to the tobacco in	ndustrv	V.
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