
CONSULTATION QUESTIONS

Overall Approach

This consultation reflects a continuation and development of the Scottish Government's current approach for mental health. There is a general consensus that the broad direction is right but **we want to consult on:**

- The overall structure of the Strategy, which has been organised under 14 broad outcomes and whether these are the right outcomes;
- Whether there are any gaps in the key challenges identified;
- In addition to existing work, what further actions should be prioritised to help us to meet these challenges

Comments

We strongly support the 14 broad outcomes and think they are right, however we believe one area of importance is missing; particular attention should be paid to improving the mental health and wellbeing of people with (long term) physical conditions. This includes people from our own client group, people with visible differences as a result of an accident, disease or the aftermath of surgery. The psychological effects of disfigurement can last a lifetime if not dealt with early on.

The provision and commissioning of physical and mental conditions should be better connected; 'Psychological care should be part of the thinking, culture and routines of general hospitals and health centres' (Nichols, 'Why is Psychology still failing the average patient?', *The Psychologist*, Vol 18, No.1 January 2005).

We recommend explicitly including this under outcome 10.

Improvement Challenge Type 1

We know where we are trying to get to and what needs to happen to get us there, but there are significant challenges attached to implementing the changes. An example of this is the implementation of the Dementia Strategy. There is a consensus that services for people with dementia are often not good enough and we already know about a range of actions that will improve outcomes. However some of these changes involve redesigning the way services are provided across organisational boundaries and there are significant challenges attached to doing this.

Question 1: In these situations, we are keen to understand whether there is any additional action that could be taken at a national level to support local areas to implement the required changes.

Comments

Improvement Challenge Type 2

We know we need to improve service provision or that there is a gap in existing provision, but we do not yet know what changes would deliver better outcomes. Supporting services to improve care for people with developmental disorders or trauma are two areas where further work is needed to identify exactly what needs to happen to deliver improved outcomes.

Question 2: In these situations, we are keen to get your views on what needs to happen next to develop a better understanding of what changes would deliver better outcomes.

Comments

We think that better joined up care – of mental and physical services would deliver better outcomes ; patient experience would improve and costs can be saved.

The rate of mental health conditions is higher among those with a chronic physical health condition, including people with disfigurements. For those with two or more physical health conditions the rate is even higher. Most researchers agree that the relationship between physical and mental health is bi-directional – meaning that physical health influences mental health and mental health influences physical health (The Work Foundation, Body and Soul, Exploring the connection between physical and mental health conditions, Robin McGee and Katherine Ashby, September 2010)

In addition, we believe that the suggested outcomes do not fully reflect the importance of mental health promotion and prevention. We would like to refer to a study that shows that many early interventions are low cost and outstandingly good value for money (Mental Health and Promotion and Prevention : The Economic Case, January 2011, Department of Health) as well as having a positive effect on patient experience. People with disfigurements are amongst the group of patients that would benefit from a stringer focus on prevention of mental health problems.

Outcome 1: People and communities act to protect and promote their mental health and reduce the likelihood that they will become unwell.

Question 3: Are there other actions we should be taking nationally to reduce self harm and suicide rates?

Comments

Question 4: What further action can we take to continue to reduce the stigma of mental illness and ill health and to reduce discrimination?

Comments

Public awareness campaigns can improve understanding of the importance of mental health and the inter-relationship with physical health.

We believe that psychological care for people who are ill or injured, including people with disfigurements, should be provided in local physical health settings (such as dermatology departments, oncology departments etc.) Psychologists should be members of multidisciplinary teams and every health professional and commissioner should have an understanding of the difficulties of living with disfigurements. This will make mental health care more accessible.

Question 5: How do we build on the progress that see me has made in addressing stigma to address the challenges in engaging services to address discrimination?

Comments

Question 6: What other actions should we be taking to support promotion of mental wellbeing for individuals and within communities?

Comments

Outcome 2: Action is focused on early years and childhood to respond quickly and to improve both short and long term outcomes.

Question 7: What additional actions must we take to meet these challenges and improve access to CAMHS?

Comments

Question 8: What additional national support do NHS Boards need to support implementation of the HEAT target on access to specialist CAMHS?

Comments

Please see comments on page 2 – better integration of mental and physical health services and better awareness and understanding of the difficulties of living with disfigurements and the adverse effect a visible difference can have on someone's day to day activities.

Outcome 3: People have an understanding of their own mental health and if they are not well take appropriate action themselves or by seeking help.

Question 9: What further action do we need to take to enable people to take actions themselves to maintain and improve their mental health?

Comments

Question 10: What approaches do we need to encourage people to seek help when they need to?

Comments

Outcome 4: First contact services work well for people seeking help, whether in crisis or otherwise, and people move on to assessment and treatment services quickly.

Question 11: What changes are needed to the way in which we design services so we can identify mental illness and disorder as early as possible and ensure quick access to treatment?

Comments

Outcome 5: Appropriate, evidence-based care and treatment for mental illness is available when required and treatments are delivered safely and efficiently.

Question 12: What support do NHS Boards and key partners need to apply service improvement approaches to reduce the amount of time spent on non-value adding activities?

Comments

Question 13: What support do NHS Boards and key partners need to put Integrated Care Pathways into practice?

Comments

Support and advice from specialised charities such as Changing Faces.

Outcome 6: Care and treatment is focused on the whole person and their capability for growth, self-management and recovery.

Question 14: How do we continue to develop service user involvement in service design and delivery and in the care provided?

Comments

By ensuring that user involvement includes involvement at all levels; patients' personal level (interaction with the health professional), operational level and strategic level.

This should be conditional to approval of service specifications.

Question 15: What tools are needed to support service users, families, carers and staff to achieve mutually beneficial partnerships?

Comments

Question 16: How do we further embed and demonstrate the outcomes of person-centred and values-based approaches to providing care in mental health settings?

Comments

Question 17: How do we encourage implementation of the new Scottish Recovery Indicator (SRI)?

Comments

Question 18: How can the Scottish Recovery Network develop its effectiveness to support embedding recovery approaches across different professional groups?

Comments

Outcome 7: The role of family and carers as part of a system of care is understood and supported by professional staff.

Question 19: How do we support families and carers to participate meaningfully in care and treatment?

Comments

Ensure that all health professionals and commissioners understand the importance and benefits of patient centred care and prioritise the provision of information and training of staff.

Question 20: What support do staff need to help them provide information for families and carers to enable families and carers to be involved in their relative's care?

Comments

Outcome 8: The balance of community and inpatient services is appropriate to meet the needs of the population safely, efficiently and with good outcomes.

Question 21: How can we capitalise on the knowledge and experience developed in those areas that have redesigned services to build up a national picture of what works to deliver better outcomes?

Comments

Outcome 9: The reach of mental health services is improved to give better access to minority and high risk groups and those who might not otherwise access services.

Question 22: How do we ensure that information is used to monitor who is using services and to improve the accessibility of services?

Comments

Question 23: How do we disseminate learning about what is important to make services accessible?

Comments

Question 24: In addition to services for older people, developmental disorders and trauma, are there other significant gaps in service provision?

Comments

Please see comments on page 2.

Outcome 10: Mental health services work well with other services such as learning disability and substance misuse and are integrated in other settings such as prisons, care homes and general medical settings.

Question 25: In addition to the work already in place to support the National Dementia Demonstrator sites and Learning Disability CAMHS, what else do you think we should be doing nationally to support NHS Boards and their key partners to work together to deliver person centred care?

Comments

Question 26: In addition to the proposed work in acute hospitals around people with dementia and the work identified above with female prisoners, are there any other actions that you think should be national priorities over the next 4 years to meet the challenge of providing an integrated approach to mental health service delivery?

Comments

Outcome 11: The health and social care workforce has the skills and knowledge to undertake its duties effectively and displays appropriate attitudes and behaviours in their work with service users and carers.

Question 27: How do we support implementation of *Promoting Excellence* across all health and social care settings?

Comments

Question 28: In addition to developing a survey to support NHS Boards' workforce planning around the psychological therapies HEAT target – are there any other surveys that would be helpful at a national level?

Comments

Question 29: What are the other priorities for workforce development and planning over the next 4 years? What is needed to support this?

Comments

Question 30: How do we ensure that we have sustainable training capacity to deliver better access to psychological therapies?

Outcome 12: We know how well the mental health system is functioning on the basis of national and local data on capacity, activity, outputs and outcomes.

Question 31: In addition to the current work to further develop national benchmarking resources, is there anything else we should be doing to enable us to meet this challenge?

Comments

Question 32: What would support services locally in their work to embed clinical outcomes reporting as a routine aspect of care delivery?

Comments

Outcome 13: The process of improvement is supported across all health and social care settings in the knowledge that change is complex and challenging and requires leadership, expertise and investment.

Question 33: Is there any other action that should be prioritised for attention in the next 4 years that would support services to meet this challenge?

Comments

Question 34: What specifically needs to happen nationally and locally to ensure we effectively integrate the range of improvement work in mental health?

Comments

Outcome 14: The legal framework promotes and supports a rights based model in respect of the treatment, care and protection of individuals with mental illness, learning disability and personality disorders.

Question 35: How do we ensure that staff are supported so that care and treatment is delivered in line with legislative requirements?

Comments