CONSULTATION QUESTIONS	
Age restriction for e-cigarettes	
1. Should the minimum age of sale for e-cigarette devices, refills (e-set at 18?	liquids) be
Yes ⊠ No □	
2. Should age of sale regulations apply to:	
a. only e-cigarette devices and refills (e-liquids) that contain nicoting capable of containing nicotine, or	e or are
b. all devices / refills (e-liquids) regardless of whether they contain capable of containing nicotine?	or are
a ⊠ b □	
3. Whom should the offence apply to:	
a. the retailer selling the e-cigarette b. the young person attempting to purchase the e-cigarette c. both	a 🖂 b 🗌 c 🗌
4. Should sales of e-cigarettes devices and refills (e-liquids) from vending machines be banned?	self-service
Yes ☐ No ⊠	
5. Should a restriction be in place for other e-cigarette accessories?	•

Yes □ No ⊠	
6. If you answered "yes" to question 5, which products should restrictions applied to them?	have
CommentsJust the liquids. And I would suggest to allow for the legal guardian or a doctor to give explicit permission to purchase. It would be harmful to the health of adolescents to deny them this less harmful alternative, if they already are addicted to smoking. NRTs (which can be dispensed by the NHS to 12 year olds even without parental consent) have proven to be less useful as substitutes than modern ecigs. And since the NHS doesn't need to pay for them, it would also reduce public health costs.	
Proxy purchase for e-cigarettes	
7. Should the Scottish Government introduce legislation to make it an of to proxy purchase e-cigarettes?	ffence
Yes □ No ⊠	
Domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes	
8. Should young people and adult non-smokers be protected from any for advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes?	orm of
Yes □ No ⊠	
9. In addition to the regulations that will be introduced by the To Products Directive do you believe that the Scottish Government should further steps to regulate domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigaret	d take
Yes □ No ⊠	
10. If you believe that regulations are required, what types of dor advertising and promotion should be regulated?	nestic
a. Bill boards	a 🗌
b. Leafleting c. Brand-stretching (the process of using an existing	c
brand name for new products or services that may not seem related) d. Free distribution (marketing a product by giving it away free)	d 🗌
e. Nominal pricing (marketing a product by selling at a low price) f. Point of sale advertising (advertising for products and services	e 🗌
at the places where they were bought)	f 🔲
g. Events sponsorship with a domestic setting	9 ∟

11. If you believe that domestic advertising and promotion should be regulated, what, if any, exemptions should apply?	•
CommentsIf you insits on regulation advertising for fear of "renormalizsing smoking", then just ban ads for the "things that look like cigarettes with a light at the end". This disposable junk is mainly produced by the tobacco industry. Allow ads for modern devices that can't be confused with tobacco cigarettes.	

12. Are you aware of any information or evidence that you think the Scottish Government should consider in relation to regulating domestic adverting in relation to impacts on children and adults (including smokers and non-smokers)?

Commentshttp://www.clivebates.com/

http://nzillatron.wordpress.com/2014/11/23/gate-no-way/

Removing information about this gateway OUT of smoking will do more harm than good.

http://nzillatron.wordpress.com/2014/11/01/dimishing-dependency/

13. Are you aware of any information or evidence that you think the Scottish Government should consider in relation to regulating domestic adverting in relation to impacts on business, including retailers, distributers and manufacturers?

Comments		

Inclusion of electronic cigarettes on the Scottish Tobacco Retailer Register

14. Do you agree that retailers selling e-cigarettes and refills should be required to register on the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?

Yes	Nο	X
1 53	INO	V V

15. Do you agree that the offences and penalties should reflect those already in place for the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?

Comments	
E-cigarettes – use in enclosed public spaces	
7. Do you believe that the Scottish Government should take action of e-cigarettes in enclosed public spaces?	on the
′es □ No ⊠	
8. If you answered 'yes' to Question 17, what action do you think the	e Scot
Comments	
Comments	
9. If you answered, 'no' to Question 17, please give reasons for your	answ
	d
CommentsThe reasons given for smoking bans are the possible dangers of second hand smoke. Contrary to the claim of "not enough studies", there have been many attempts to find something harmful in the exhaled vapor. They all failed to produmedically significant results. So, until there is irrefutable proof of significant	y ice
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22. Do you agree that the offence should only apply to adults aged 18 and over?
Yes No No
23. If you answered 'no' to Question 22, to whom should the offence apply?
Comments
24. Do you agree that Police Scotland should enforce this measure?  Yes □ No □
25. If you answered 'no' to Question 24, who should be responsible for enforcing this measure?
CommentsNobody. This is a despicable violation of personal freedom and responsibility. Even worse than removing the right of the owners of pubs to decide,
26. Do you agree that there should be an exemption for vehicles which are also people's homes?
Yes No No
27. If you think there are other categories of vehicle which should be exempted, please specify these?
CommentsAll.
28. If you believe that a defence should be permitted, what would a reasonable defence be?
Comments
Smoke-free (tobacco) NHS grounds
29. Should national legislation be introduced to make it an offence to smoke or allow smoking on NHS grounds?
Yes □ No ⊠
30. If you support national legislation to make it an offence to smoke on NHS

grounds, where should this apply?

a. All NHS grounds (including NHS offices, dentists, GP practices)	а
b. Only hospital grounds	b 🗌
c. Only within a designated perimeter around NHS buildings	с
d Other suggestions, including reasons, in the box below	
Comments	
31. If you support national legislation, what exemptions, if any, she (for example, grounds of mental health facilities and / or facilities ware long-stay patients)?	
Comments	
32. If you support national legislation, who should enforce it?	
Comments	
33. If you support national legislation, what should the penalty to compliance?	oe for non-
Comments	
34. If you do not support national legislation, what non-legislative could be taken to support enforcement of, and compliance with, t smoke-free grounds policies?	
Comments	
Smoke-free (tobacco) children and family areas  35. Do you think more action needs to be taken to make children areas tobacco free?  Yes \( \subseteq \text{No} \text{ \subseteq} \)	า's outdoor
36. If you answered 'yes' to Question 35, what action do you think is	required:

a. Further voluntary measures at a local level to increase the number of smoke-free areas
b. Introducing national legislation that defines smoke-free areas across Scotland $$\tt b\ \square$$
c. That the Scottish Government ensures sufficient local powers to allow decisions at a local level as to what grounds should be smoke-free $$ $$ $$ $$
d. Other actions. Please specify in the box below
Comments
37. If you think action is required to make children's outdoor areas tobacco- free, what outdoor areas should that apply to?
Comments
Age verification policy 'Challenge 25' for the sale of tobacco and electronic cigarettes  38. Do you agree that retailers selling e-cigarettes, refills and tobacco should be required by law to challenge the age of anyone they believe to be under the age of 25?  Yes \( \subseteq \text{No} \text{ \subseteq} \)
39. Do you agree that the penalties should be the same as those which are already in place for selling tobacco to someone under the age of 18?
Yes ☐ No ⊠
Unauthorised sales by under 18 year olds for tobacco and electronic cigarettes
40. Do you agree that young people under the age of 18 should be prohibited from selling tobacco and non-medicinal e-cigarettes and refills unless authorised by an adult?

Yes ⊠ No □	
41. Who should be able to authorise an under 18 year old example, the person who has registered the premises, adult working in the store?	•
Comments	
42. Do you agree with the anticipated offence, in regard to	:
a. the penalty	a 🗌
b. the enforcement arrangements	b 🗌
Equality Considerations	
43. What issues or opportunities do the proposed changes with protected characteristics (age; disability; gender reas religion or belief; sex; pregnancy and maternity; and sexual CommentsNo opportunitities.  Forcing elderly smokers into a puritanic mold is despicable. Especial are helpless to avoid this kind of brutality. The same applies to sick hospitals. Forcing them to suffer withdrawal or lengthy trips and expoutdoors is simply cruel and can be much more dangerous to their his smoking.  Or do you consider smokers to be "stinking sub-human weaklings", suffer for their sinful habits?	al orientation)?  ally when they smokers in posure to the health than
44. If the proposed measures are likely to have a substantification for equality, how might this be minimised or available. Comments Just say "NO". Stop the addiction to control every aspect	voided?

45. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the proposals in regard to equality considerations?

Comments	
Business and Regulatory Impacts Considerations	

46. What is your assessment of the likely financial implications, or other impacts (if any), of the introduction of each of these proposals on you or your organisation?

Comments

47. What (if any) other significant financial implications are likely to arise?

Comments

48. What lead-in time should be allowed prior to implementation of these measures and how should the public be informed?

Comments

49. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the proposals in regard to business and regulatory impacts?

Comments

As a party to the World Health Organization's Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (FCTC), Scotland has an obligation to protect the development of public health policy from the vested interests of the tobacco industry. To meet this obligation, we ask all respondents to disclose whether they have any direct or indirect links to, or receive funding from, the tobacco industry. We will still carefully consider all consultation responses from the tobacco industry and from those with links to the tobacco industry and include them in the published summary of consultation responses.

CommentsContrary to the allegation of conspiracy theorists like MEP Paul Murphy, I'm just one of many concerned regular citizens. Not some kind of "astroturf". I have receive nothing, nor will I accept anything. Especially not from any tobacco industry. All my statements are my own opinion.