CONSULTATION QUESTIONS

Age restriction for e-cigarettes

1. Should the minimum age of sale for e-cigarette devices, refills (e-liquids) be set at 18?
Yes ⊠ No □
2. Should age of sale regulations apply to:
a. only e-cigarette devices and refills (e-liquids) that contain nicotine or are capable of containing nicotine, or
b. all devices / refills (e-liquids) regardless of whether they contain or are capable of containing nicotine?
a □ b □
3. Whom should the offence apply to:
a. the retailer selling the e-cigarette b. the young person attempting to purchase the e-cigarette c. both a □ b □ c □
4. Should sales of e -cigarettes devices and refills (e-liquids) from self-service vending machines be banned?
Yes ⊠ No □
5. Should a restriction be in place for other e-cigarette accessories?
Yes ⊠ No □

6. If you answered "yes" to quest ion 5, which products should have restrictions applied to them?
All associated products. E-cigarettes are a gateway to tobacco so it is important that there are strong restrictions.
Proxy purchase for e-cigarettes
7. Should the Scottish Government introdu ce legislation to make it an offence to proxy purchase e-cigarettes?
Yes ⊠ No □
Domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes
8. Should young people and adult non-s mokers be protected from any form of advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes?
Yes ⊠ No □
9. In addition to the regulations that will be introduced by the Tobacco Products Directive do you be lieve that the Scottish Government should take further steps to regulate domestic advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes?
Yes ⊠ No □
10. If you believe that regulations are required, what types of domestic advertising and promotion should be regulated?
a. Bill boards b. Leafleting c. Brand-stretching (the process of using an existing brand name for new products or services that may not seem related) d. Free distribution (marketing a product by giving it away free) d
e. Nominal pricing (marketing a product by selling at a low price) f. Point of sale advertising (advertising for products and services at the places where they were bought) g. Events sponsorship with a domestic setting e f g g g g g g g g g g g g
11. If y ou believe that domestic advertising and promotion should be regulated, what, if any, exemptions should apply?

Comments

Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic adverting in relation to impacts on children and adults (including smokers and nonsmokers)?						
Comments						
13. Are you aware of an y information or evidence that you think the Scottish Government should consider in relation to regula ting domestic adverting in relation to impacts on business, in cluding retailers, distributers and manufacturers?						
Comments						
Inclusion of electronic cigarettes on the Scottish Tobacco Retailer Registe						
14. Do you agree that retailers selli ng e-cigarettes and refills s hould be required to register on the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?						
Yes ⊠ No □						
15. Do you agree that the offences and penalties should reflect those already in place for the Scottish Tobacco Retailers Register?						
Yes ⊠ No □						
16. If you answered 'no', to question 15, what offences and penalties should be applied?						
Comments						
E-cigarettes – use in enclosed public spaces						
17. Do you believe that the Scottish Government should take action on the use of e-cigarettes in enclosed public spaces?						
Yes ⊠ No □						
18. If you answered 'yes' to Question 17, what action do you think the Scottish Government should take and what are your reasons for this?						

Legislation is necessary to ensure compliance with the ban. Amending existing tobacco legislation would perhaps be the quickest way to achieve this.
19. If you answered, 'no' to Question 17, please give reasons for your answer.
Comments
20. Are you aw are of an y evidence, rel evant to the use d of e-cigarettes in enclosed spaces, that you think the Scottish Government should consider?
Comments
Smoking in cars carrying children aged under 18
21. Do you agree that it should be an offence for an adult to smoke in a vehicle carrying someone under the age of 18?
Yes ⊠ No □
22. Do y ou agree that the offence sho uld only apply to ad ults aged 18 and over?
Yes □ No ⊠
23. If you answered 'no' to Question 22, to whom should the offence apply?
All those who smoke in cars carrying children.
24. Do you agree that Police Scotland should enforce this measure?
Yes ⊠ No □
25. If you ans wered 'no' to Question 24, who should be responsible for enforcing this measure?
Comments
26. Do you agree that there should be an exemption for vehicles which are also people's homes?
Yes No No

27. If y ou think there are other cat exempted, please specify these?	egories of vehicle	w hich s hould be
Comments		
28. If you believe that a defence should defence be?	ld be permitted, what	t would a reasonable
Comments		
Smoke-free (tobacco) NHS grounds		
29. Should national legislation be intro allow smoking on NHS grounds?	oduced to make it an	offence to smoke or
Yes ⊠ No □		
30. If you support national legislation grounds, where should this apply?	to make it an offence	to smoke on NHS
a. All NHS grounds (including NHS offb. Only hospital groundsc. Only within a designated perimeterd Other suggestions, including reason	around NHS building	b 🔲
Comments		
31. If y ou support national legislation (for example, grounds of men tal healt are long-stay patients)?		
Similar exceptions as in the 2005 Smok (Scotland) Act - which in this case would facilities with long-stay patients.		
32. If you support national legislation,	who should enforce	it?
In the same way as is outlined in Sched "constable" or an "authorised officer of a		namely a

33. If y ou support national legislation, what should the penalt y be for non-compliance?

34. If y ou do not support national legislation, what non-legislative me asures could be taken to support enforcement of, and compliance with, the existing smoke-free grounds policies?							
Comments							
Smoke-free (tobacco) children and family areas							
35. Do y ou think more action needs to be taken to make children's outdoor areas tobacco free?							
Yes ⊠ No □							
36. If you answered 'yes' to Question 35, what action do you think is required:							
a. Further voluntary measures at a local level to increase the number of smoke-free areas b. Introducing national legislation that defines smoke-free areas across Scotland c. That the Scottish Government ensures sufficient local powers to allow decisions at a local level as to what grounds should be smoke-free c d. Other actions. Please specify in the box below							
It is important that there is a strong and uniform approach to protecting children from the effects of tobacco throughout Scotland.							
37. If you think action is required to make children's outdoor areas tobacco-free, what outdoor areas should that apply to?							
All areas likely to be frequented by children, for instance play parks.							
Age verification policy 'Challenge 25' fo r the sale of tobacco and electronic cigarettes 38. Do y ou agree that retailers selling e-cigarettes, refills and tobacco should							
be required by law to challenge the age of anyone they believe to be under the age of 25?							
Yes ⊠ No □							

39. Do you agree that the penalties should be the same as those which are already in place for selling tobacco to someone under the age of 18?							
Yes ⊠ No □							
Unauthorised sales by under 18 year olds for tobacco and electronic cigaret							
40. Do you agree that young people under the age of 18 should be prohibited from selling tobacco and non-medicina le-cig arettes and refills unless authorised by an adult?							
Yes ⊠ No □							
41. Who should be able to authorise an under 18 year old to make the sale, for example, the person who has registered the premises, manager or another adult working in the store?							
The most senior adult in the store.							
42. Do you agree with the anticipated offence, in regard to:							
a. the penalty a second arrangements by							
a. the penalty b. the enforcement arrangements b ⊠							
b. the enforcement arrangements b \boxtimes							
b. the enforcement arrangements Equality Considerations 43. What issues or opportunities do the proposed changes raise for people with protected characteristics (age; disability; gender reassignment; race;							
b. the enforcement arrangements Equality Considerations 43. What issues or opportunities do the proposed changes raise for people with protected characteristics (age; disability; gender reassignment; race; religion or belief; sex; pregnancy and maternity; and sexual orientation)?							

45. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the proposals in regard to equality considerations?

Comments	
Business and Regulatory Impacts Considerations	
46. What is your assessment of the likely financial implications, or other impacts (if any), of the introduction of each of these proposals on you or organisation?	your
N/A	
47. What (if any) other significant financial implications are likely to arise?	?
N/A	
48. What lead-in time should be allowed prior to implementation of these measures and how should the public be informed?	
Comments	
49. Do you have any other comments on or suggestions relevant to the proposals in regard to business and regulatory impacts?	
Comments	

As a party to the World Health Organiza tion's Framework Conv ention on Tobacc o Control (FCTC), Scotland has an obligation to protect the development of public health policy from the vested interests of the tobacco industry. To meet this obligation, we ask all respondents to disclose whether they have any direct or indirect links to, or receive funding from, the tobacco in dustry. We will still c arefully consider all consultation responses from the tobacco industry and from those with links to the tobacco industry and incolumn lude them in the published sum mary of consultation responses.

I have neither any direct or indirect links, nor do I receive any funding from the tobacco industry.