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KEY Housing

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Dear Sarah,

Please find enclosed the results of our *Same as You?* consultation. Over 150 people were involved at 11 events. In addition to the hard copy I have included a DVD which has contributions from people with Learning Disabilities and Family Carers.

Yours sincerely,

Lèam MacKeown

Development Manager

Participation and Inclusion



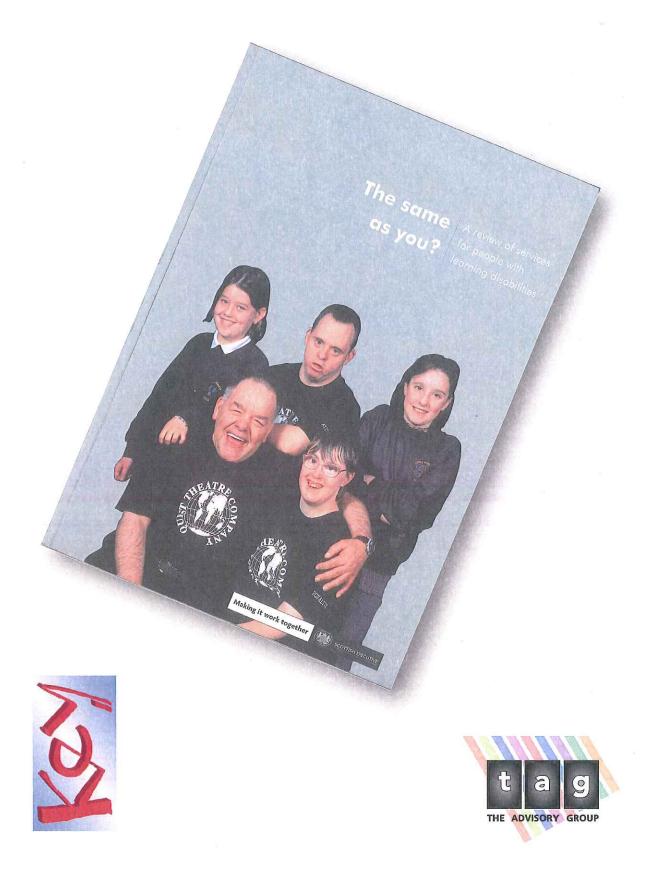






SAY Consultation 2012

Response from The Advisory Group & KEY Community Supports





The same as you? Consultation Easy Read

This consultation paper is submitted on behalf of:

The Advisory Group(SCIO)



And

KEY Community Supports



77 Renfrew Street Glasgow G2 3BZ

Contact person:
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An Organisation



The name and address of your organisation will be seen by other people (on the Scottish Government website)

Are you happy for your answers to be seen by other people?



Are you happy for the Scottish Government to contact you about your answers?

	//		
Yes		No	

The information in this paper and the accompanying DVD was compiled from 11 events held for people with learning disabilities and family carers by The Advisory Group and KEY Community Supports.

In total around 150 people have taken part in these events. After a summary page for each of the questions we have included some of the graphic recordings produced during our consultation.

















Do the things in the easy read consultation report reflect your views and opinions about services for people with learning disabilities?

(Please tick your answer)









You can put any comments about this question here.

The report is a good reflection of the improvements that have happened since the *Same as You?*

The main issues causing anxiety are funding cutbacks and changes in benefits. People are very much aware of the times of austerity facing the country. However it is important the Scottish Government ensures that current financial pressures and cuts to public services do not negate the great achievements which were brought about by the *Same as You?*.



What do you think has worked well over the last 10 years for people with learning disabilities and family carers?

This could be changes in your local community or all over Scotland.



What has worked well?

People acknowledged that there had been great improvements in the lives of adults with learning disabilities over the past 10 years.

The majority of people have the opportunity to live where they want, with whom they want, fewer people live in hospital or residential care.

People felt very much at the heart of planning their support.

Many people have the opportunity to do more meaningful things in their community (work, voluntary work, community action, sport, leisure and education). Consequently, fewer people attended Day Centres on a full time basis.

Legal awareness of the needs of people with disabilities had improved through things like the Disability Discrimination Act, although people felt there needed to be stronger enforcement.

People's expectation had risen and were less likely to settle for second best.

The establishment of The Advisory Group as a separate charity highlighted the strong voice people had, not only within KEY but in the wider society.

People felt they had greater influence at a national level through the Cross Party Group for Learning Disability at the Scottish Parliament.

People had a direct influence on the running of KEY as an organisation, with service user representation on the Management Committee.







What do you think still needs to be done by the Government to make the lives of people with learning disabilities and family carers better?







Summary: ideas for the Scottish Government



The vast majority of people were worried that the great advances made over the past 10 years would be cut short due to funding cuts.

People found the Charging Policy of Local Authorities unfair and a postcode lottery.

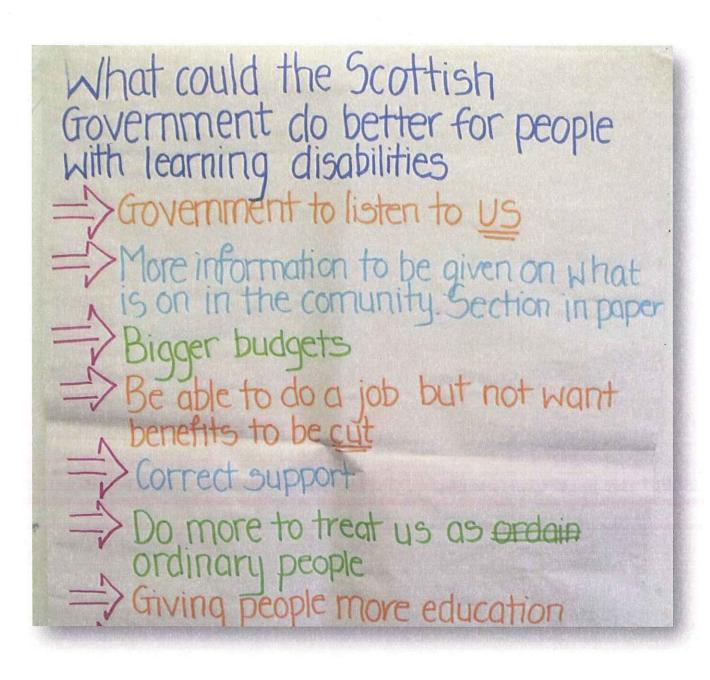
While people were in favour of the principle of Self Directed Support and recognised the opportunities it could provide, they were concerned it could be used to cut funding for support.

In keeping with the vision of the *Same as You?*, people are using mainstream services more than ever before. If such services are cut to the extent that they no longer have the time or resources to cater for people with additional needs this could lead to increased isolation and loneliness.

Current legislation (e.g. DDA) needs to be enforced more rigorously.

Although awareness in the wider community has dramatically improved, people felt that more was needed to be done to address negative attitudes. A government led learning disability awareness campaign and a mandatory requirement on the service industries (e.g. bus companies) to include specific training on learning disabilities would be an excellent start.







Make sure the disability access laws are obeyed.

Check up on shops etc.

Access on the pavements | Roads

is bad -> Dodgy parking!

We would like the Government be Aware or ...

· Charging policy - we need to understand why this is being paid, what's it for?

· Familie's want to know more about the Welfare Reform Bil, this information needs to be accessible for us.

. It is a real worry about how or sous Idaughers (relatives are going to be affected by potential cuts in benefits.

· How can ar relatives continue to live a lossy, meaningful life if benefits are being our?

· Seems to be discrepancies between whar people are paying in charging policy - this needs to be looked at. If someone carir pay the charging policy there may be a decisio b relose suppor, whar happens then?

. People are getting older - families and people accessing senices. worned about the future-what's going to happa? · Think about people with smaller support packages- people are

Still really vulnerable.

· D. L.A - for a lor or people - Phone call assessments are completely impossible. Then has to be a face to face assessment.

· Worry about the discrepancies between local authorities in terms of what is being introduced. (Self Directed Support)

· Could providers and authoritus work together to look ar whar people rued - yearly basis - bur war based as inhoducing cuts -Needs to be based on people actual needs.

· Access to public transport for people desperately needs to be impared. Public transport is really problematic for people.

MESSAGE TO THE GOVERNMENT.

. Finances - I here are differences between what (charging Policy) local authorities are charging people. Feel local authorities should be brought into line with this

· Do not cut funding!

There has to be face to face consultatia - only this method will ensure or family members ger a fair deal. Ly This also must judide input from people who know the person will.

. It's frightening that decisions are being made by people (Government strateday) who do not understand the needs of people with learning disabilities.

· People need that one to one contact! This provides

security for people.

· The Government needs to ensure financial security for our family members.

· We must continue to consult with the people who are receiving support.

· Cheaper does not mean better!

· Don't interfere Don't fix things that aren't broke!

· Have more consultation with family members and with people who receive support.

elleleero AMAROSIBULONACCESS
TO STREET BUILDING
TO STREET BUI COMMENT CARD GOVERNMEN" INPROVE PRIORITIZE IS ANTI-DISCRIMINATION EDUCATION ADDED TO CUPPICULUM. COURTESY COURSES FOR PEOPLE MORKING IN PUBLIC





Question 4 - (this question is for organisations only)

 What have you done in your organisation to improve services for people with learning disabilities in your local area?

In 1996 KEY Community Supports established The Advisory Group(TAG) as a forum to ensure the people it supported had a voice in the running of the organisation. This group was particularly involved in the original SAY consultation.

Over the years TAG has guided KEY in the provision of individual personalised services. Together they have worked to promote social inclusion and participation throughout Scotland. They have worked together to challenge discrimination and create new opportunities for people with learning disabilities to live full and active lives as part of their community.

This has included: The employment of people with learning disabilities as cotrainers, individual accessible planning service, the creation of 9 TAG branches, employment initiatives, inclusion training, a disability awareness schools programme, networking projects, active engagement with SDS, TAG representation on KEY's Management Committee and a host of other initiatives to ensure people with learning disabilities have choice and control over their own lives. In February this year The Advisory Group became a registered charity in its own right with nearly 200 members. This is a testimony to KEY's commitment to inclusion.



What have you done to make things better in your local area for people with learning disabilities and family carers?

KEY and the people we support have made things better for people with learning disabilities and family carers in local areas by:

Volunteering and promoting volunteering

Campaigning with others to improve local facilities (e.g. Pavements, road crossings, public transport, etc).

Working with and through local 'Networkers' to improve the way in which mainstream facilities (leisure centres/clubs/community venues) include people with disabilities

Working with schools groups in relation to disability awareness and anti-discrimination

Supporting the work of Scottish Consortium for Learning Disability

Providing access to affordable and where necessary adapted housing

Providing person centred support to enable people to live and participate in their community.



What do you thinks needs to be done to help people with learning disabilities get access to good healthcare?







Summary points on Health

People were generally very pleased with the developments in health care.

People felt they were treated with dignity and respect by nurses, doctors and other health professionals.

Medical staff were more aware of the needs of people with learning disabilities, especially those who had qualified within the last 10 years.

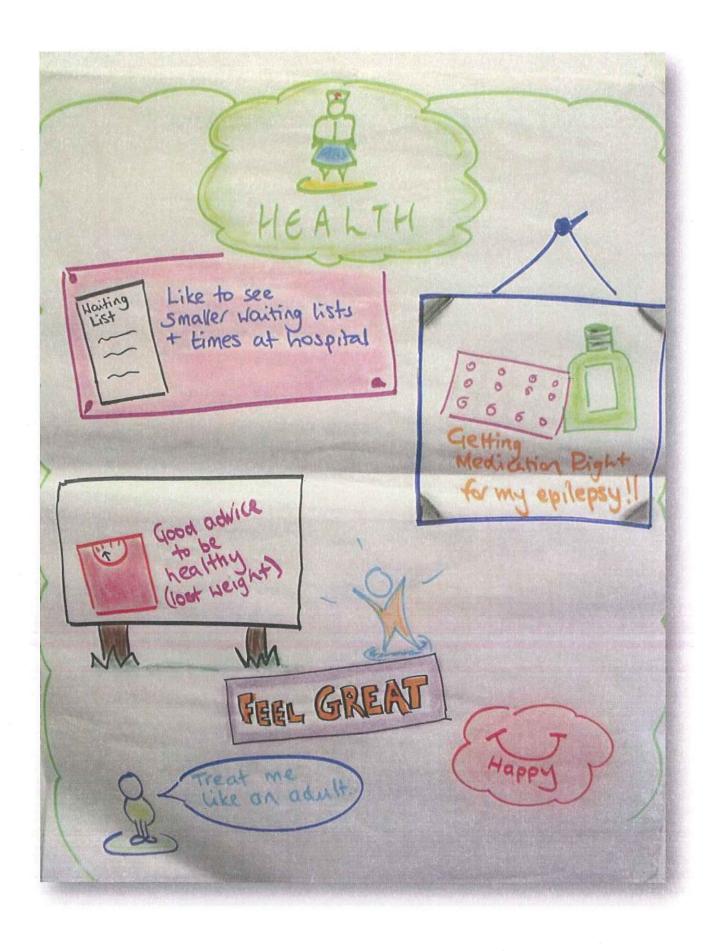
Medical staff were more likely to take the time to explain things to people without using complicated words.

People found it much easier to access general health improvement information.

On the negative side,

There was still an issue about doctors putting medical symptoms down to the nature of a person's learning disability, without carrying out a proper medical evaluation.





GPs need Hospitals more training not listening in disabilities * Attitude. Lack Should get better at arranging appointments. Some GPS Health centres Good expenence are bulliant. of Dentists Good at taking the time to explain things Problems accessing health Services in rural areas.



- · Experience or health care has been good.
- · Support workers can often pick up on my dauguters hualth care needs. Good quality support is provided.
- · Feel than my brother's health care needs are not being
- addressed. Health issues going on for two years. Lack of information, as a family we have often nor been
- · Communication about health issues between professionals and
 - family members not always good.
- . When over we have asked for anything from our corors, it has
- · Worned about cutbacks, which will impact on continuity or staff, directly affecting support offered to my
- · Worried is the money going to be there? What's going to nappen to people if the money is northered
 - · C.P.s don't always know the person well don't aways have the Community learning Disability wire
 - · Community learning Disability hurse we need more of them!
 - Mey are more aware or what people need. Norsing care has improved.
- . Inform families about Charter's for fineral plan pur a booker together.

4 Health conhivored. 3

· Sometimes health care professionals can be too quick to per a D.N.R. in place for someone with complex needs.

. Health care professionals will not always consult with family nembers about this issue.

. It is absolutely crucial that if our souldaugutor is in hospital, that they have someone in hospital (worker) who knows them well. This makes sure that we can advocate for their person.

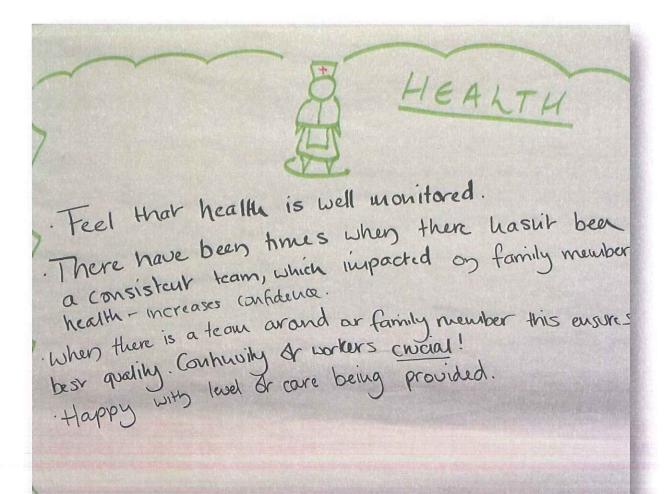
· Real concern that there might not be the money in place so that hospitals can provide the care that my sister

needs.

· Gap exists between the community nurses and . Feel that more could be done to educate health booms/NHS Staff abour people with learning disability.

4 Health continued.)

· Continuity of health course is crucial. · Change is really difficult for families and family member - consistency of support provider/health care workers makes this easier. One to our support makes healt care appointments much caser.

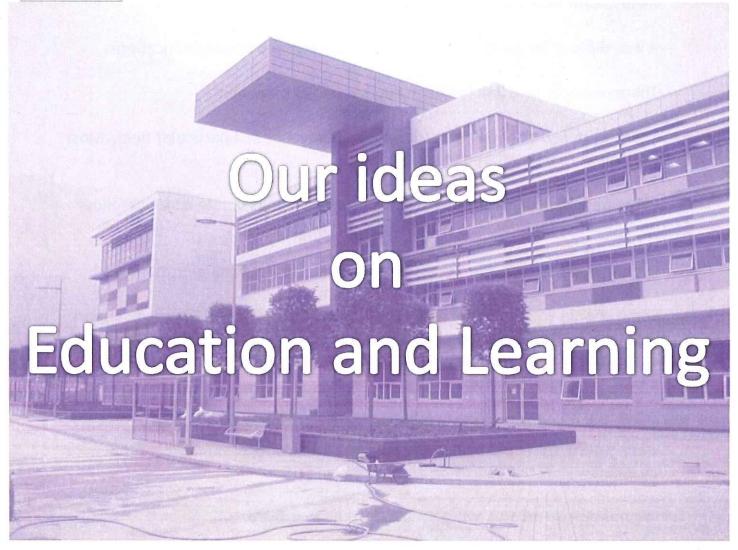


Talk to us...
Not my worker!! Good hospital Care Good dentists 9000 Communication Training for medical Staff has got much better!

HEALTH 19 Has got much. Dentists really a Talk to me and my worker.



What do you think needs to be done to improve access to better education and learning for people with learning disabilities?







Summary points on Education

People had felt the impact of funding cuts on college places. This had resulted in a gap in some people's lives. Rarely were people given an alternative when their time at college came to an end.

There was still a lack of support from the colleges for people to attend mainstream courses.

It was difficult for people to access courses which provided qualifications.

There needs to be a link between courses and employment.

There were few opportunities for people to advance in a particular field. Most courses were only offered at a basic level.

Often people repeated the same course several times due to a lack of follow on courses.

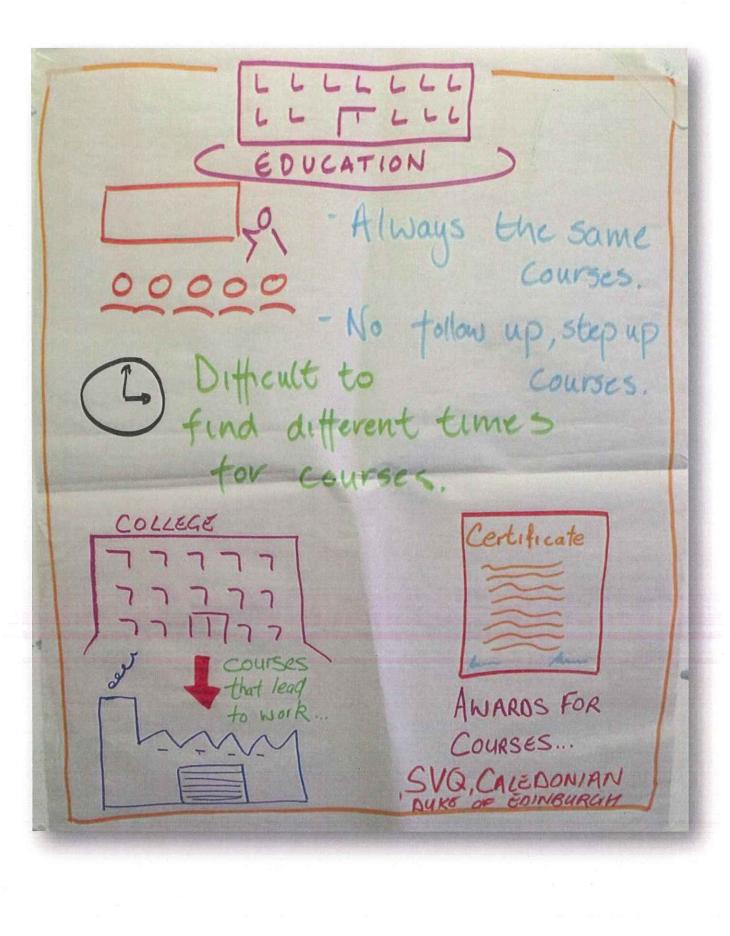
People would like greater access to evening classes, individual tuition etc.

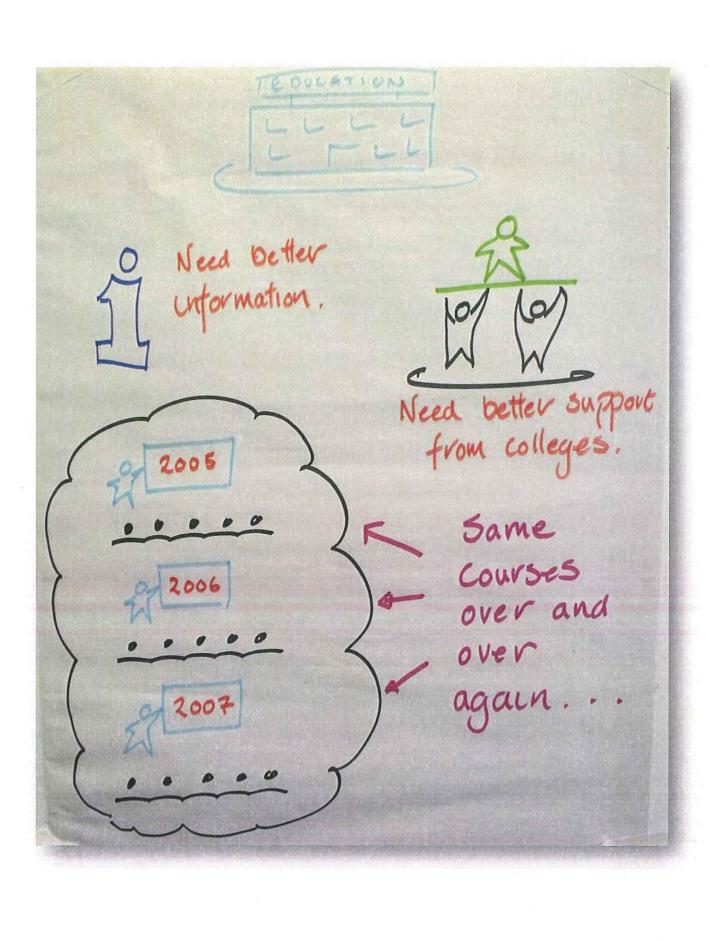
Some people with personal budgets allocated through a Self Directed Support Resource Allocation System, had to decide between crucial home support and continuing with a secondary provider in an activity they enjoyed and promoted social inclusion.

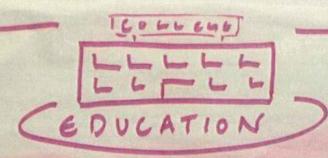
Some third sector organisations which provide excellent learning opportunities were getting squeezed by funding cuts and are no longer affordable for people on an individual budget.

Information on what is available needs to be improved.



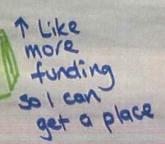


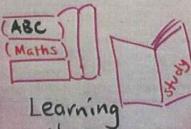




MAKING

TTING BLAH!





Now Things



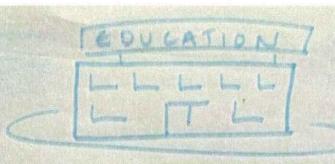
of courses



Being Busy Gardening







Glasgow gives good additional support

Follow on courses are needed.

Some courses are a waste of time

Stow college was very good.

College courses are being cut.

Sheed better into on what's on

More courses leadons to qualifications.

People need more support to attend 'mainstream' courses & colleges.





What do you think needs to be done to help people with learning disabilities live more independent lives?







Summary points on Independence

People agreed that they had much more choice and control over their lives.

People valued being involved in their local community.

Having the right support to be as independent as possible was vital.

People wanted the support to do the things they wanted and were worried that funding cuts would mean they could only get support to do the most basic things: The difference between simply surviving and living a full life in line with the aspirations of the Same as You?

In some areas the charging policy was having an impact on the amount of money people had left to live on.

People were worried that funding cuts meant an increase in shared support rather than having their own place in line with the *Same as You?*.

People valued affordable housing in safe areas.

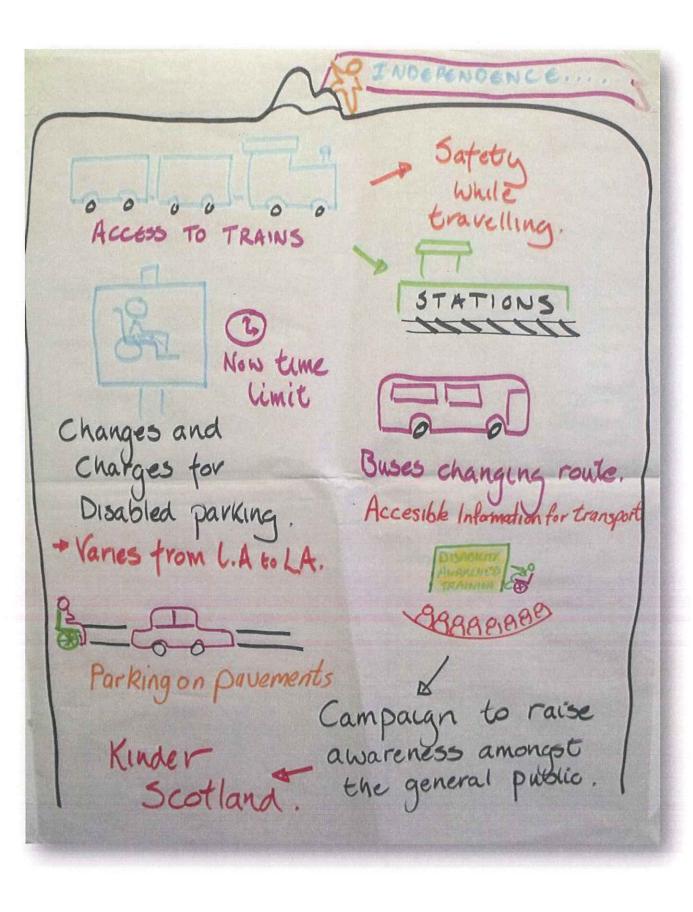
People valued self advocacy and the opportunity of being listened to.

Attitudes to people with learning disabilities on public transport is still a problem and further investment in disability awareness training for bus drivers, taxi drivers and rail employees is required.

Lack of public transport in some areas still causes specific problems for people with learning disabilities, most of whom do not drive. Dial-a-bus provision could be extended.

People with mobility issues felt that the lack of local authority investment in road (and pavement) maintenance had a direct impact on their ability to go out safely.





INDEPENDENCE ..

- More away from justitutional course has been bremendour for our cousic. Increased freedom!
- . Still seeing the aftermath or Leunox Castle for our family members.

People need to have their own homes, with the right support

· Feel fully informed about what is happening in our fainly

· Have been on a jarney to get the right accommodation for our

C. Responsive senies helped!

Financial support needs to match what family members (who receive

There is a real concern that Local Authorities may still consider tendering services. This does not praide the best quality of senice a support for people.

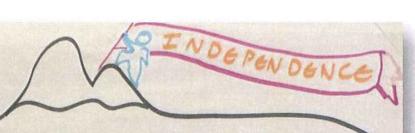
· Need to make sure that if people are living together they are compatible

· Community-people are more accepting of people, more of a sense of local community! Neighbors speak to each other/know each other.

· Good quality howing neighborhoods have to place people in apropriate housest environments.

Services-Like KEY have to be continued to be funded.

· Our family members and this service. Clining thought to planning - Funeral bound / Charter/consultation with family.



. Having more access to public transport example to bus stops, neaver my sais house. Making it easier to get at and about.

· Buses not accessible for people, making it difficult to ger

. People who receive services, need people to advocate for them. Particularly if people do nor have large families. Someone to speak on the person's behalf.

. It would be helpful for families to have more information - For example it North Ayrshive council are implementing changes, families

· Newsletter from Key - Mouthly update people felt this would be

· Establishing good relationships between families, care providers crucial to ensuring best quality support for the person

· Service provider - when a provider is being selected not always given evoyer access to the provider or give a choice abour

· Family nembers feeling the situation is better now, have more informatia. In the past we had no control.

. All workers being awain or support plac- Eusuring the people supporting or family members know the person.

INDEPENDANT LIFE

OWN FRONT DOOR.

NO DISAGREEMENTS OVER TV. and other Household Items.

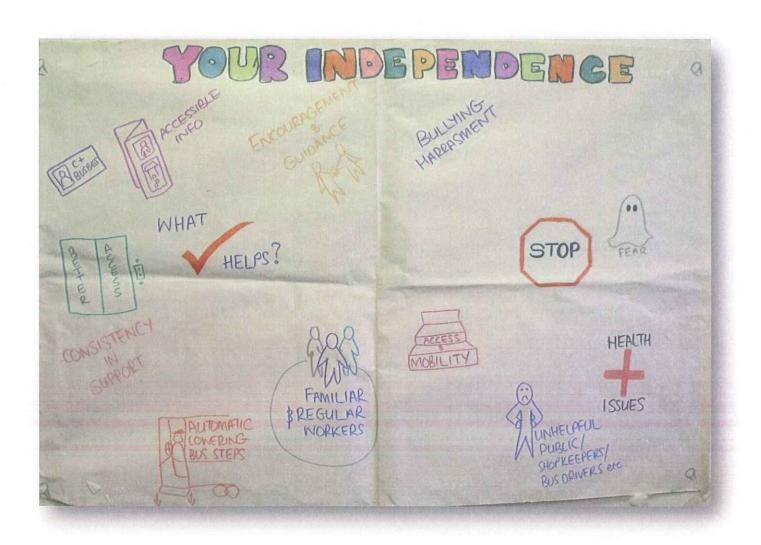
ITS MINE!

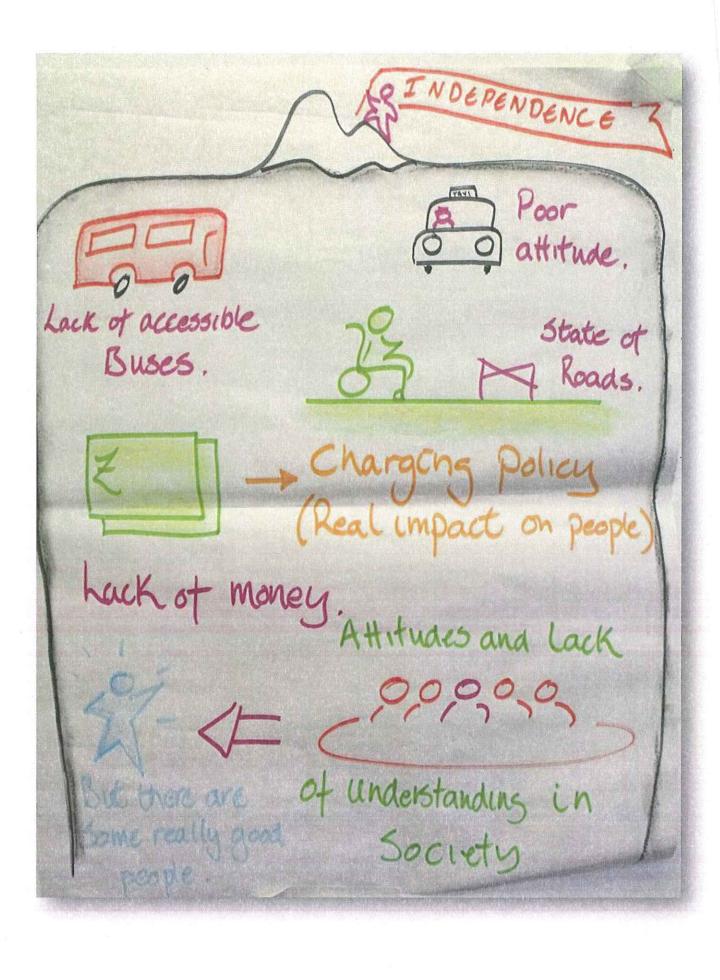
MY OWN CHOICES/ROUTINE/TIMES NOT HAVING TO SHARE

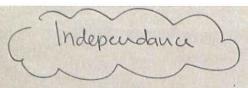
PRVACY! * Mogoret

1 to 1 HOLIDAYS INSTEAD OF GROUP

QUIET TIME * Ignes







- . Feel as if I can come in and talk to people to sort or problems.
- . Feel that it's difficult to get the communication that we need to sort out issues.
- . Trustrating when companies (Electricity (Gas) don't understand that or fainly members have a learning disability. -) what's nieded is learning disability awareness for these
- -> In the comminity in general there is generally more
- acceptance because people are living in their local communities increased visibility.
- · Could a document be put together to stop banks, providers, ere from being unable to speak to family numbers?
- Something that would flag up the person's details, for examplefinancial guardial ship is it place-
- Something that would make communication easier. - Data Protectia- has to be taken into account, have to protect
- -> Needs a balance, to increase understanding bur to make sure financial safeguards are in place.

INTERESTING THINGS TO DO. 385

Day trips - having places to go I things to do.

- We would like or brother to have the opportunity to do this as much as possible.

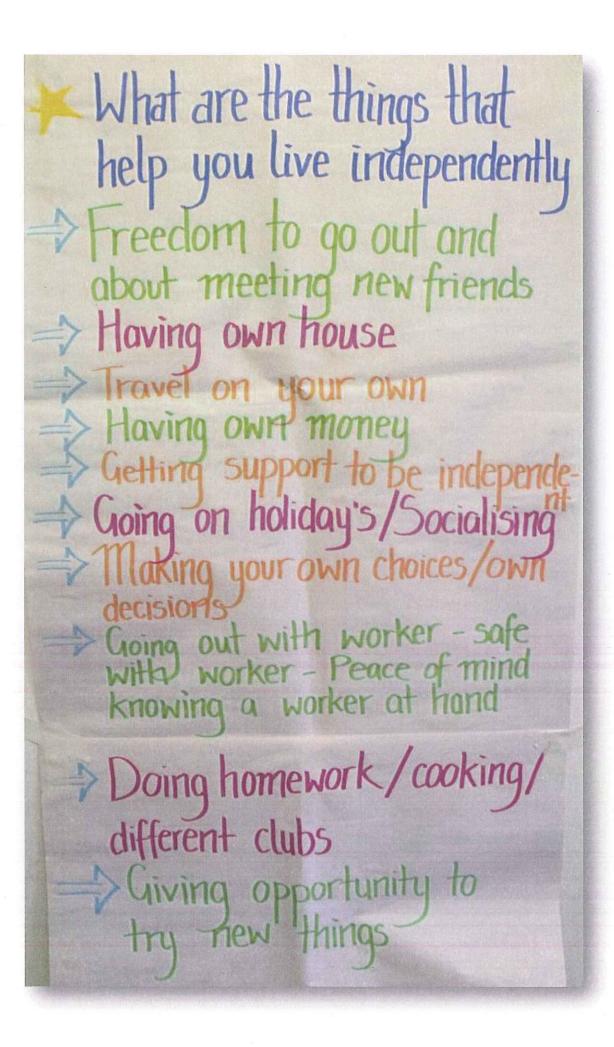
Activities need to be matched to peoples preferences, interests. Continuity of support is really important to make this happen. Having small teams around people!

Person centred approach works, understanding that for or favirily newbors to make informed choices, they need

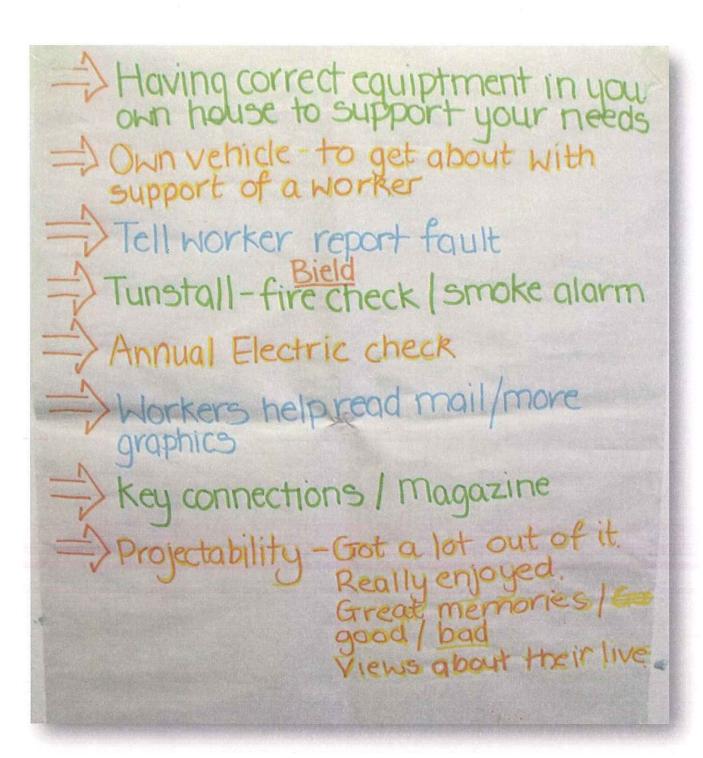
support to make decisions There is a feeling that the Covernment is starting to look

ahead for or fainly numbers

There should be more access for employment opportunities, that suit each individual. It should be easier to do this!









Question 9

What do you think needs to be done to help people with learning disabilities get jobs?







Summary points on Employment

Very few people had paid employment.

There were very few opportunities for part time employment.

The benefit system is a barrier to people getting part time employment and people were concerned that the Welfare Reform Bill would not improve matters.

The few people who had had experience of paid employment had found it very difficult working through the benefit system. In a number of cases the experience had been so bad that it would stop them looking for work in the future.

Benefit staff could be more helpful and appropriate forms and information can be hard to come by.

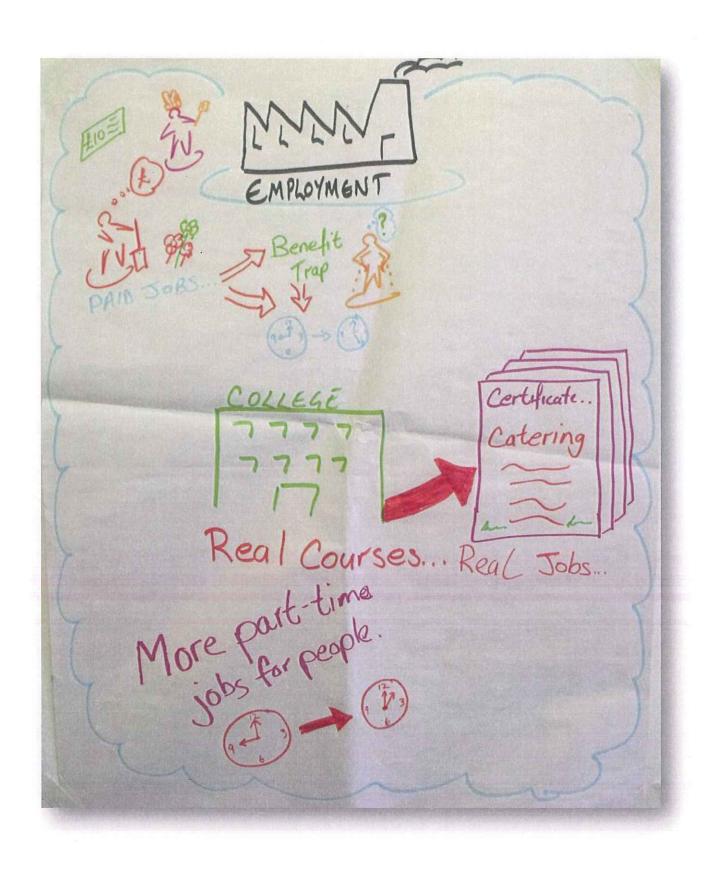
People were often financially worse off when they took a part-time job.

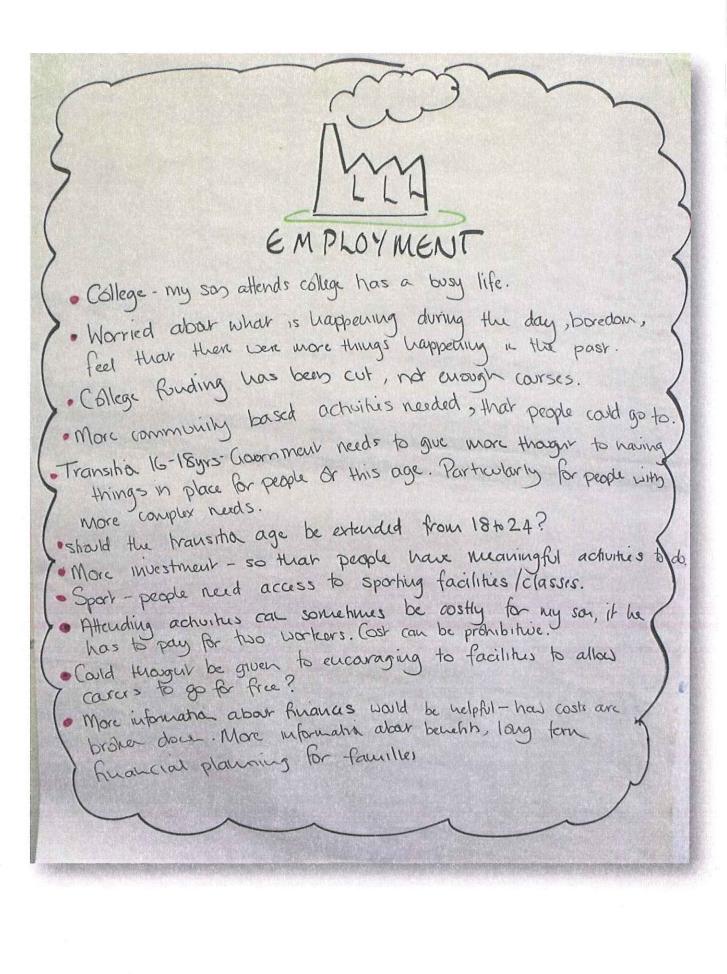
A few people benefit from the £20 disregard which allows them to be employed for a small number of hours (e.g. As co-trainers in KEY). People were worried that this would stop once the Welfare Reform Bill comes into force.

There was a lack of support for people to be able to maintain jobs.

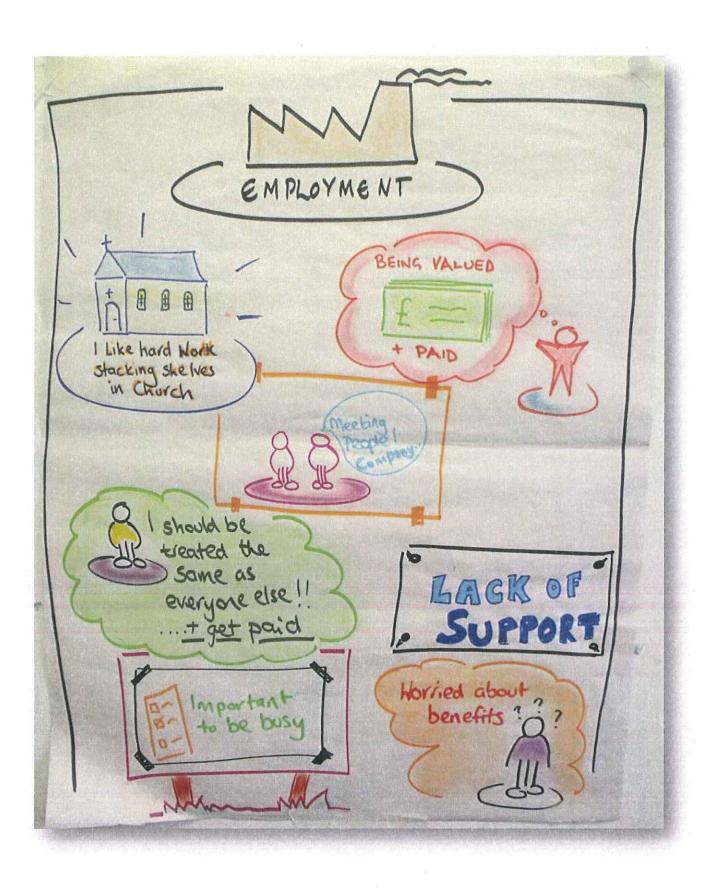
Most people were involved in some type of voluntary work and greatly valued the impact this had on their lives.

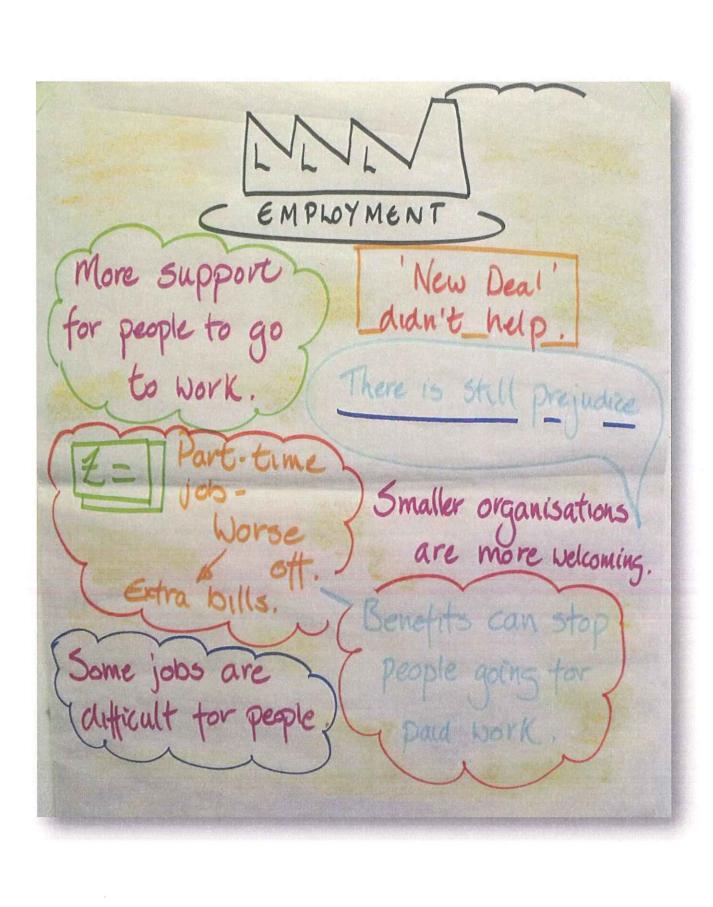






CEMPLOY MENT Before MORE OPPORTUNITY Discremination Treated the Same Restricted Quanties Volunteers Wanted







Question 10

What do you think are the things we need to do in the future to make the lives of people with learning disabilities better?

Please write the most important things first.







1. Maintain the vision of the *Same as You?*. Ensure that the current austerity measures don't lead to a loss of momentum or even worse a return to the institutional models of care where cost rather than quality is the driving force.

2. Continue to promote an equal Scotland where everyone is valued for who they are and where people with learning disabilities are seen as contributing active citizens.

- 3. Promote the introduction of Self Directed Support, but as a means to give people control over their lives and not as a way for local authorities to save money.
- 4. Address issues relating to the Charging Policy and ensure Welfare and Benefit Reform does not adversely effect people with Learning Disabilities.







THE ADVISORY GROUP